Marks

[10] **1.** One side of a right triangle is measured to be 3 with a maximum possible error of ± 0.1, and the other side is measured to be 4 with a maximum possible error of ± 0.2. Use the differential or linear approximation to estimate the maximum possible error in calculating the length of the hypotenuse of the right triangle.

Continued on page 3

[10] **2.** Assume that $f(x, y)$ satisfies Laplace's equation $\dfrac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \dfrac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 0$. Show that this is also the case for the composite function $g(s, t) = f(s - t, s + t)$. That is, show that $\dfrac{\partial^2 g}{\partial s^2} + \dfrac{\partial^2 g}{\partial t^2} = 0$. You may assume that $f(x, y)$ is a smooth function so that the Chain Rule and Clairaut's Theorem on the equality of the mixed partials derivatives apply.

Continued on page 4

[10] **3.** You are standing at a location where the surface of the earth is smooth. The slope in the southern direction is 4 and the slope in the south-eastern direction is $\sqrt{2}$. Find the slope in the eastern direction.

Continued on page 5

[10] **4.** Consider the surface $z = f(x, y)$ defined implicitly by the equation $xyz^2 + y^2z^3 = 3 + x^2$. Use a 3-dimensional gradient vector (no credit will be given for using any other method) to find the equation of the tangent plane to this surface at the point $(-1, 1, 2)$. Write your answer in the form $z = ax + by + c$, where a, b and c are constants.

Continued on page 6

[20] **5.** Let $z = f(x, y) = (y^2 - x^2)^2$.

(a) Make a reasonably accurate sketch of the level curves in the xy-plane of $z = f(x, y)$ for $z = 0$, 1 and 16. Be sure to show the units on the coordinate axes. [10%]

(b) Verify that $(0, 0)$ is a critical point for $z = f(x, y)$, and determine from part (a) or directly from the formula for $f(x, y)$ whether $(0, 0)$ is a local minimum, a local maximum or a saddle point. [5%]

(c) Can you use the Second Derivative Test to determine whether the critical point $(0, 0)$ is a local minimum, a local maximum or a saddle point? Give reasons for your answer. [5%]

Continued on page 7

[10] **6.** Use the Method of Lagrange Multipliers (no credit will be given for any other method) to find the minimum value of $z = x^2 + y^2$ subject to $x^2 y = 1$. At which point or points does the minimum occur?

Continued on page 8

[10] **7.** Find the centre of mass of the region D in the xy-plane defined by the inequalities $x^2 \leq y \leq 1$, assuming that the mass density function is given by $\rho(x, y) = y$.

Continued on page 9

[10] **8.** Consider the region E in 3-dimensions specified by the inequalities $x^2 + y^2 \leq 2y$ and $0 \leq z \leq \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.

(a) Draw a reasonably accurate picture of E in 3-dimensions. Be sure to show the units on the coordinate axes. [5%]

(b) Use polar coordinates (no credit will be given for any other method) to find the volume of E. Note that you will be "using polar coordinates" if you solve this problem by means of cylindrical coordinates. [5%]
Hint: $\displaystyle\int \sin^n u\, du = -\frac{1}{n}\sin^{n-1} u \cos u + \frac{n-1}{n}\int \sin^{n-2} u\, du.$

Continued on page 10

[10] **9.** A triple integral $\iiint_E f dV$ is given in iterated form by

$$\int_{y=-1}^{y=1} \int_{z=0}^{z=1-y^2} \int_{x=0}^{x=2-y-z} f(x, y, z)\, dx\, dz\, dy.$$

(a) Draw a reasonably accurate picture of E in 3-dimensions. Be sure to show the units on the coordinate axes. [5%]

(b) Rewrite the triple integral $\iiint_E f dV$ as one or more iterated triple integrals in the order $\int_{y=}^{y=} \int_{x=}^{x=} \int_{z=}^{z=} f(x, y, z)\, dz\, dx\, dy$. [5%]

The End

Be sure that this examination has 10 pages including this cover

The University of British Columbia

Final Examinations - December 20, 2005

Mathematics 200

All Sections

Closed book examination | Time: 2.5 hours

Name ____________________ **Signature** ____________________

Student Number____________________ **Instructor's Name** ____________________

Section Number ____________________

Special Instructions:

No notes, books or calculators are to be used. No credit will be given for the correct answer without the (correct) accompanying work. Use the back of the pages if you need extra space.

Rules governing examinations

1. Each candidate should be prepared to produce his library/AMS card upon