ZERO DISSIPATION LIMIT IN ABELIAN SANDPILES

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The Abelian sandpile model on the *d*-dimensional integer lattice is a particle system that is critical, in the sense well-known from lattice models of statistical physics. That is, several observables follow power law distributions, at least numerically, and occasionally this can be proved. Here we study a natural one parameter family of models called dissipative sandpiles, where a small amount γ of mass can be lost (dissipated) on each toppling. As γ approaches 0, the critical model is recovered, while for any $\gamma > 0$, the model has exponential decay of correlations. After discussing some basic properties, I will present estimates in *d* = 2 and 3, on how fast the stationary measure of the dissipative model approaches the critical sandpile measure. (Partly joint work with F. Redig and E. Saada.)