

Math 217 Assignment 9

Due Friday November 27

■ Problems to turn in:

1. Use Green's theorem to evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y) = y^2 \cos x \mathbf{i} + (x^2 + 2y \sin x) \mathbf{j}$$

and C is the triangle from $(0, 0)$ to $(2, 6)$ to $(2, 0)$ to $(0, 0)$.

2. (a) Let D denote the bounded region in the plane enclosed by the simple closed curve C . Show that

$$A(D) = \oint_C x dy.$$

Can you find another line integral over C which represents the same area?

- (b) Show that the coordinates of the centroid (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) of D are

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{2A(D)} \oint_C x^2 dy, \quad \bar{y} = -\frac{1}{2A(D)} \oint_C y^2 dx.$$

where $A(D)$ denotes the area of the region D .

- (c) Use the formula in part (a) above to find the area under one arch of the cycloid $x = t - \sin t$, $y = 1 - \cos t$.

3. (a) Is the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = e^z \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + x e^z \mathbf{k}$$

conservative?

- (b) Is there a vector field \mathbf{G} on \mathbb{R}^3 such that

$$\text{curl}(\mathbf{G}) = xyz \mathbf{i} - y^2 z \mathbf{j} + y z^2 \mathbf{k}?$$

Explain.

4. Is there a value of p for which $\text{div}(\mathbf{r}/|\mathbf{r}|^p) = 0$?
5. Let C and D be as in Problem 2, and let \mathbf{n} denote the unit normal vector to C .

- (a) Starting with the statement of Green's theorem, establish the identity

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} ds = \iint_D \text{div} \mathbf{F}(x, y) dA.$$

- (b) Let f and g be functions with continuous partial derivatives in D . Setting $\nabla^2 = \nabla \cdot \nabla$ and using the identity in part (a), prove Green's first identity

$$\iint_D f \nabla^2 g dA = \oint_C f(\nabla g) \cdot \mathbf{n} ds - \iint_D \nabla f \cdot \nabla g dA.$$

6. Identify the surfaces

(a) $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = 2 \sin u \mathbf{i} + 3 \cos u \mathbf{j} + v \mathbf{k}$, $0 \leq v \leq 2$,

(b) $\mathbf{r}(s, t) = \langle s, t, t^2 - s^2 \rangle$.

7. Find the area of the part of the surface $z = 1 + 3x + 2y^2$ that lies above the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 1)$ and $(2, 1)$.
8. Find the area of the part of the paraboloid $x = y^2 + z^2$ that lies inside the cylinder $y^2 + z^2 = 9$.