

# Common Mistakes!

(HW1)

M.265

1. (c)

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{t^2}{t^2}y = -t\cos t + \sin t + C_1$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -\frac{\cos t}{t^2} + \frac{\sin t}{t^2} + C_2$$

$\leftarrow$  Don't forget to divide every term by the  $t^2$

$$\frac{C_1}{t^2}$$

$\star$  [Similar mistakes in 1(d) & 5(a)(b)!]

$$\int t \cdot \sin t dt = \cancel{Q} t \cos t = t \cos t - \int \cos t dt$$

miss “-” here

$$\boxed{\int t \sin t dt = -t \cos t + \sin t} \quad \leftarrow \text{the correct version}$$

2.  $e^{2 \ln t} = e^{\ln t^2} = t^2$

and similar simplifications involving exponential fn and ln.

5d:  $V(t) = e^{-t}$  was not constant in this problem — note for the integration step

$$\frac{d}{dt}(e^{\frac{t}{RC}} q) = e^{\frac{t}{RC}} \frac{e^{-t}}{R} \quad \text{V(t)}$$

$$\text{so } \cancel{\frac{1}{RC} q} = \frac{1}{R} \int e^{\frac{t}{RC}} e^{-t} dt + G,$$

6a: The volume  $V(t)$  was not constant — need to write

$$\frac{d[V(t)c(t)]}{dt} = V'(t)c(t) + V(t)c'(t)$$

3: Direction field is always parallel to solution curves

