

FROM HARMONIC ANALYSIS TO ARITHMETIC COMBINATORICS: ERRATA

IZABELLA LABA

- after Theorem 2.2: “In 1975 P.A. Tomas extended the result to $q > \frac{2d+2}{d-1} \dots$ ”
- Subsection 3.1, the line after the first displayed formula should read: “But this is only possible if $\alpha - 1 \geq d - \alpha$, i.e. $\alpha \geq \frac{d+1}{2}$.”
- end of Section 3, lower bounds on Minkowski dimension of Kakeya sets: “ $4 < d < 24$: $(2 - \sqrt{2})(d - 4) + 3$ (Katz-Tao 2001)”
- end of Section 3, lower bounds on Hausdorff dimension of Kakeya sets: “ $d > 4$: $(2 - \sqrt{2})(d - 4) + 3$ (Katz-Tao 2001)”
- Subsection 4.2, definition of upper density:

$$\overline{\lim}_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|A \cap [1, N]|}{N} = \delta.$$

- Subsection 4.2, definition of discrete Fourier transform:

$$\widehat{f}(\xi) = N^{-1} \sum_{x=1}^N f(x) e^{-2\pi i x \xi / N}.$$