

## Errors in Measurement

### The Question

Suppose that three variables are measured with percentage error  $\varepsilon_1$ ,  $\varepsilon_2$  and  $\varepsilon_3$  respectively. In other words, if the measured value of variable number  $i$  is  $x_i$  and exact value of variable number  $i$  is  $x_i + \Delta x_i$  then

$$100 \frac{\Delta x_i}{x_i} = \varepsilon_i$$

Suppose further that a quantity  $P$  is then computed by taking the product of the three variables. So the measured value of  $P$  is

$$P(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 x_2 x_3$$

What is the percentage error in this measured value of  $P$ ?

### The answer

The exact value of  $P$  is  $P(x_1 + \Delta x_1, x_2 + \Delta x_2, x_3 + \Delta x_3)$ . So, the percentage error in  $P(x_1, x_2, x_3)$  is

$$100 \frac{P(x_1 + \Delta x_1, x_2 + \Delta x_2, x_3 + \Delta x_3) - P(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{P(x_1, x_2, x_3)}$$

We can get a much simpler approximate expression for this percentage error, which is good enough for virtually all applications, by applying

$$\begin{aligned} P(x_1 + \Delta x_1, x_2 + \Delta x_2, x_3 + \Delta x_3) \\ \approx P(x_1, x_2, x_3) + P_{x_1}(x_1, x_2, x_3)\Delta x_1 + P_{x_2}(x_1, x_2, x_3)\Delta x_2 + P_{x_3}(x_1, x_2, x_3)\Delta x_3 \end{aligned}$$

The three partial derivatives are

$$\begin{aligned} P_{x_1}(x_1, x_2, x_3) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}[x_1 x_2 x_3] = x_2 x_3 \\ P_{x_2}(x_1, x_2, x_3) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2}[x_1 x_2 x_3] = x_1 x_3 \\ P_{x_3}(x_1, x_2, x_3) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_3}[x_1 x_2 x_3] = x_1 x_2 \end{aligned}$$

So

$$P(x_1 + \Delta x_1, x_2 + \Delta x_2, x_3 + \Delta x_3) \approx P(x_1, x_2, x_3) + x_2 x_3 \Delta x_1 + x_1 x_3 \Delta x_2 + x_1 x_2 \Delta x_3$$

and the (approximate) percentage error in  $P$  is

$$\begin{aligned} &100 \frac{P(x_1 + \Delta x_1, x_2 + \Delta x_2, x_3 + \Delta x_3) - P(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{P(x_1, x_2, x_3)} \\ &\approx 100 \frac{x_2 x_3 \Delta x_1 + x_1 x_3 \Delta x_2 + x_1 x_2 \Delta x_3}{P(x_1, x_2, x_3)} \\ &= 100 \frac{x_2 x_3 \Delta x_1 + x_1 x_3 \Delta x_2 + x_1 x_2 \Delta x_3}{x_1 x_2 x_3} \\ &= 100 \frac{\Delta x_1}{x_1} + 100 \frac{\Delta x_2}{x_2} + 100 \frac{\Delta x_3}{x_3} \\ &= \varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2 + \varepsilon_3 \end{aligned}$$

More generally, if we take a product of  $n$ , rather than three, variables the percentage error in the product becomes (approximately)  $\sum_{i=1}^n \varepsilon_i$ . This is the basis of the experimentalist's rule of thumb that when you take products, percentage errors add.