

The University of British Columbia

October 16, 2018

Common Midterm 1 for Sections of MATH 184 (Version 1)

Closed book examination

Time: 60 minutes

Last Name \_\_\_\_\_ First \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Student Number \_\_\_\_\_

MATH 184 Section Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**Special Instructions:**

No memory aids are allowed. No calculators. No communication devices. Show all your work; little or no credit will be given for a numerical answer without the correct accompanying work. If you need more space than the space provided, use the back of the previous page.

**Rules governing examinations**

- Each candidate must be prepared to produce, upon request, a UBCcard for identification.
- Candidates are not permitted to ask questions of the invigilators, except in cases of supposed errors or ambiguities in examination questions.
- Candidates suspected of any of the following, or similar, dishonest practices shall be immediately dismissed from the examination and shall be liable to disciplinary action.
  - (a) Having at the place of writing any books, papers or memoranda, calculators, computers, sound or image players/recorders/transmitters (including telephones), or other memory aid devices, other than those authorized by the examiners.
  - (b) Speaking or communicating with other candidates.
  - (c) Purposely exposing written papers to the view of other candidates or imaging devices. The plea of accident or forgetfulness shall not be received.
- Candidates must not destroy or mutilate any examination material; must hand in all examination papers; and must not take any examination material from the examination room without permission of the invigilator.
- Candidates must follow any additional examination rules or directions communicated by the instructor or invigilator.

1		15
2		5
3		8
4		6
5		11
6		5
Total		50

**Short-Answer Questions:** Put your answer in the box provided. Full marks will be given for a correct answer placed in the box, while part marks may be given for work shown. Unless otherwise stated, calculator ready answers are acceptable.

[15] 1.

- (a) [3] The height in feet of a baseball hit straight up from the ground with an initial velocity of 16 ft/s is given by  $h = f(t) = 16t - 4t^2$ , where  $t$  is measured in seconds after the hit. Is this function  $h = f(t) = 16t - 4t^2$  one-to-one on the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 4$ ?

Answer:

- (b) [3] If

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = L \quad \text{and} \quad \exists \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = M,$$

where  $L$  and  $M$  are finite real numbers, then how are  $L$  and  $M$  related if  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$  exists?

Answer:

(c) [3] Suppose

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ x + 5 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}.$$

Let  $A = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x)$ ,  $B = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x)$  and  $C = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ . Find  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$ .

Answer:

$A =$             ,  $B =$             ,  $C =$

(d) [3] Suppose  $f(2) = -1$  and  $f'(2) = 3$ . Let  $g(x) = x^2 f(x)$ . Find  $g'(2)$ .

Answer:

(e) [3] Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 5}{x - 25}$ .

Answer:

**Full-Solution Problems: Justify your answers and show your work. Place a box around your final answer. Unless otherwise indicated, simplification of answers is required in these questions.**

[5] **2.** Let  $f(x) = \frac{3}{5x+2}$ . Use the definition of the derivative to find  $f'(-1)$ . No marks will be given for the use of any differentiation rules.

[8] 3.

(a) Explain why the following equation

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - x^2 + \frac{1}{2} = 0.$$

has a solution. You can use the fact:  $\sin(ax)$  and  $\cos(ax)$  are continuous on its domain, where  $a$  is a constant.

(b) Determine the value of the constant  $a$  which makes the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{x + 1} & \text{if } x \neq -1 \\ a & \text{if } x = -1 \end{cases}$$

is continuous at  $x = -1$ .

[6] 4.

(a) Suppose  $f(2) = 2$  and  $f'(2) = 3$ . Let  $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x-3}$ . Find  $h'(2)$ .

(b) Find constants  $a$  and  $b$  in the polynomial  $p(x) = x^2 + ax + b$  such that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{p(x)}{x-4} = 3$ .

[11] 5. After studying sales for several months, the owner of a pizza chain knows at a price of \$14 per pizza, an average of 40 pizzas are sold per week, while at a price of \$17 per pizza, an average of 25 pizzas are sold per week. The fixed production costs are \$500 a week and it costs the owner \$8 to make a pizza. Let  $p$  be the unit price for the pizzas, and let  $q$  be the average number of pizzas sold per week. Assume that  $q$  is a linear function of the price  $p$ .

(a) Find the linear demand function  $p = f(q)$ .

(b) Find the cost function  $C(q)$ , the revenue function  $R(q)$  and the profit function  $P(q)$ .



(c) What is the price the pizza chain owner should set for a pizza in order to maximize their weekly profit?

(d) Suppose that the price is currently \$10 per pizza. If the price is decreased by a small amount, will the weekly revenue increase or decrease? (explain).

[5] 6. Let

$$L = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+h)^{2018} + 2(1+h)^{2017} - 3}{h}.$$

(a) Find a constant  $c$  and two functions  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  such that  $L = f'(c) + g'(c)$ .

(b) Find  $f'(-1) + \frac{1}{2}g'(-1)$ , where  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are the functions you found in the part (a) of Question 6.