## Math 100:V02 - WORKSHEET 10 TAYLOR EXPANSION

1. TAYLOR EXPANSION

- (1) (Review) Use linear approximations to estimate: (a)  $\log \frac{4}{3}$  and  $\log \frac{2}{3}$ . Combine the two for an estimate of  $\log 2$ .
  - (b)  $\sin 0.1$  and  $\cos 0.1$ .
- (2) Let  $f(x) = e^x$ 
  - (a) Find  $f(0), f'(0), f^{(2)}(0), \cdots$
  - (b) Find a polynomial  $T_0(x)$  such that  $T_0(0) = f(0)$ .

  - (c) Find a polynomial  $T_0(x)$  such that  $T_1(0) = f(0)$  and  $T'_1(0) = f'(0)$ . (d) Find a polynomial  $T_2(x)$  such that  $T_2(0) = f(0)$ ,  $T'_2(0) = f'(0)$  and  $T_2^{(2)}(0) = f^{(2)}(0)$ . (e) Find a polynomial  $T_3(x)$  such that  $T_3^{(k)}(0) = f^{(k)}(0)$  for  $0 \le k \le 3$ .

(3) Do the same with  $f(x) = \log x$  about x = 1.

Date: 8/2/2024, Worksheet by Lior Silberman. This instructional material is excluded from the terms of UBC Policy 81.

Let  $c_k = \frac{f^{(k)}(a)}{k!}$ . The *n*th order Taylor expansion of f(x) about x = a is the polynomial  $T_n(x) = c_0 + c_1(x-a) + \dots + c_n(x-a)^n$ 

(4) Find the 4th order MacLaurin expansion of  $\frac{1}{1-x}$  (=Taylor expansion about x = 0)

(5)  $\star\star$  Find the *n*th order expansion of  $\cos x$ , and approximate  $\cos 0.1$  using a 3rd order expansion

- (6) (Final, 2015)  $\star$  Let  $T_3(x) = 24 + 6(x-3) + 12(x-3)^2 + 4(x-3)^3$  be the third-degree Taylor polynomial of some function f, expanded about a = 3. What is f''(3)?
- (7) In special relativity we have the formula  $E = \frac{mc^2}{\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}}$  for the kinetic energy of a moving particle. Here *m* is the "rest mass" of the particle and *c* is the speed of light. Examine the behaviour of this formula for small velocities by expanding it to second order in the *small parameter*  $x = v^2/c^2$ . What is the 4th order expansion of the energy? Do you recognize any of the terms?

2. New expansions from old

1 - u = 1 + u + u + u + u + u + u + u + u + u +		
---	--	--

(8)  $\star$  (Final, 2016) Use a 3rd order Taylor approximation to estimate sin 0.01. Then find the 3rd order Taylor expansion of  $(x + 1) \sin x$  about x = 0.

(9) Find the 3rd order Taylor expansion of  $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{4}x$  about x = 4.

(10) Find the 8th order expansion of  $f(x) = e^{x^2} - \frac{1}{1+x^3}$ . What is  $f^{(6)}(0)$ ?

(11) Find the quartic expansion of  $\frac{1}{\cos 3x}$  about x = 0.

- (12) (Change of variable/rebasing polynomials)
  - (a) Find the Taylor expansion of the polynomial  $x^3 x$  about a = 1 using the identity x = 1 + (x-1).

(b) Expand  $e^{x^3-x}$  to third order about a = 1.

(13) Expand  $\exp(\cos 2x)$  to sixth order about x = 0.

(14) Show that  $\log \frac{1+x}{1-x} \approx 2(x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \cdots)$ . Use this to -get a good approximation to  $\log 3$  via a careful choice of x.

(15) (2023 Piazza @389) Find the asymptotics as  $x\to\infty$  (a)  $\sqrt{x^4+3x^3}-x^2$ 

(b) 
$$\sqrt[3]{x^6 - x^4} - \sqrt{x^4 - \frac{2}{3}x^2}$$

(16) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{-x^2/2} - \cos x}{x^4}$ .