# Math 100:V02 - WORKSHEET 6 EXPONENTIAL AND TRIG FUNCTIONS 

1. Review: Arithmetic of derivatives

Fact. $(a f+b g)^{\prime}=a f^{\prime}+b g^{\prime}, \quad(f g)^{\prime}=f^{\prime} g+f g^{\prime}, \quad\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)^{\prime}=\frac{f^{\prime} g-f g^{\prime}}{g^{2}}$
$\frac{d}{d x} x^{n}=n x^{n-1}, \frac{d}{d x} e^{x}=e^{x}$
(1) Differentiate
(a) (Final, 2016) $g(x)=x^{2} e^{x}$ (and then also $x^{a} e^{x}$ )
(b) (Final, 2016) $h(x)=\frac{x^{2}+3}{2 x-1}$
(2) Let $f(x)=\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}+A}$. Given that $f^{\prime}(4)=\frac{3}{16}$, give a quadratic equation for $A$.
(3) Suppose that $f(1)=1, g(1)=2, f^{\prime}(1)=3, g^{\prime}(1)=4$.
(a) What are the linear approximations to $f$ and $g$ at $x=1$ ? Use them to find the linear approximation to $f g$ at $x=1$.
(b) Find $(f g)^{\prime}(1)$ and $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)^{\prime}(1)$.
(4) Evaluate
(a) $(x \cdot x)^{\prime}$ and $\left(x^{\prime}\right) \cdot\left(x^{\prime}\right)$. What did we learn?
(b) $\left(\frac{x}{x}\right)^{\prime}$ and $\frac{\left(x^{\prime}\right)}{\left(x^{\prime}\right)}$. What did we learn?

## 2. Exponentials

(5) Simplify
(a) $\left(e^{5}\right)^{3},\left(2^{1 / 3}\right)^{12}, 7^{3-5}$.
(b) $\log \left(10 e^{5}\right), \log \left(3^{7}\right)$.
(6) Differentiate:
(a) $10^{x}$
(b) $\frac{5 \cdot 10^{x}+x^{2}}{3^{x}+1}$

## 3. Trigonometric functions

Fact. When $x$ is measured in radians, we have $(\sin x)^{\prime}=\cos x,(\cos x)^{\prime}=-\sin x$
(7) (Special values) What is $\sin \frac{\pi}{3}$ ? What is $\cos \frac{5 \pi}{2}$ ?
(8) Derivatives of trig functions
(a) Interpret $\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin h}{h}$ as a derivative and find its value.
(b) Differentiate $\tan \theta=\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$.
(9) What is the equation of the line tangent the graph $y=T \sin x+\cos x$ at the point where $x=\frac{\pi}{4}$ ?

